

Menofiya University  
 Faculty of Engineering  
 Tim Allowed: 3 hours  
 Post- Graduate Exam, 2013-2014  
 Date of Exam: 6/ 6 /2015



Production Diploma (500 Level)  
 Subject : Forming theory  
 Code: PRE 606  
 Total Mark: 100 Marks  
 Production Eng. Dep.

**Answer all the following questions**

**QUESTION NO. 1**

(20 Mark)

What drawing stress is required to draw 500<sup>ø</sup> mm wide, annealed steel strip from 2.5 to 2.4 thick in dies with 15° included angle and friction coefficient 0.1? What is the influence of a previous 20% reduction in area arising from rolling the annealed given that it conforms to a Ludwick law?

$$\sigma = 200 + 100\varepsilon^{0.8}$$

**QUESTION NO. 2**

(20 Mark)

compare the work required to hot forge a 0.75 m long billet, with 150 mm square cross-section into a strip 50 mm thick, 150 mm wide and 2.25 m long, using dies of breadth a) 50 mm, b) 100 mm and c) 150 mm. hence show that the minimum work is done when the die breadth lies between a) and b). Neglected work hardening and spread and assume that small reductions are made so that the existence of the transitional shape at the edges of the die may be neglected. Take the load L at any thickness to be given by  $L = YAC$  in which Y is the yield stress. The contact area is  $A = wb$ , where b is the die width and w the billet width. For this cogging process take constant  $C = 0.797 + 0.203t/b$  for  $bt < 1$  and  $C = 0.75 + 0.25M$  for  $bt > 1$ .

**QUESTION NO. 3**

(20 Mark)

The final dimensions of the ring are to be  $t = 125$  mm,  $R = 1.057$  m and  $w = 175$  mm for  $k = 40$  MPa and a maximum available force of 1.5 MN, determine the maximum internal diameter of the ring at which forging can begin. Assume plan strain conditions and take the total pressure upon the platens to be  $p = 2k [C + t/8R]$

Where  $C = 0.797 + 0.203(t/b)$

**QUESTION NO. 4**

(20 Mark)

Determine the pressure on a ram required to reduce a billet from 40 mm diameter to 37 mm diameter in a homogenous extrusion process. Assume that the 40 mm diameter billet is the result of a previous process where the sectional area was reduced by 15% for material in an annealed state, obeying a Hollomon flow law:

$$\sigma = 670e^{0.5}$$

**QUESTION NO. 5**

(20 Mark)

In a homogenous wire drawing operation upon hardening material, the drawing force F may be estimated as:

$$F = Y_m A_1 \ln \left( \frac{A_0}{A_1} \right)$$

Where  $A_0$  is the original cross-sectional area,  $A_1$  is area of the drawn wire and  $Y_m$  is the average yield stress for material hardened by the process. Using an average yield stress between entry and exit, determine the drawing force required to reduce a wire from 3 mm to 2.75 mm, given that a 20% reduction in area had previously been applied in reaching the 3 mm wire size. These reductions should be referred to the annealed state for which the Hollomon flow law is:  $\sigma = 622e^{0.32}$

\*\*\*\*\* GOOD LUCK\*\*\*\*\*

Question number	Q1	Q2	Q2	Q3	Q2	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q2	Q3	Q3	Q3
Skills	a-1- 1	a-2- 2	a-3- 1	a-4- 1	b-1- 1	b-2- 4	b-4- 1	b-4- 3	c-1- 1	c-2- 2	c-4- 3	c-4- 4
	Knowledge & understanding skills				Intellectual skills				Professional Skills			

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